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# Relationship between Water, Lipid and Protein in the Muscle, Liver and Gonad in a Freshwater Fish *Macrones cavasius (Hamilton)*

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Abstract: Variation in Water, Lipid, Protein in Muscle, Testis, Ovary of Fresh water fish Macrones cavasius from Godavari River at Nanded Region Maharashtra State, were observed from January 2015 to December 2015. 100 fishes with 60 male and 40 female. It is observed that Macrones cavasius contain 20% protein which high protein compared to hen egg.

Keywords: Water, lipid Protein in muscle Liver, and Gonad, Macrones cavasius.

### 1. INTRODUCTION

Love (1970) stated that an increase in the proportion of either water, lipid or protein leads to the decrease of the other, so that the sum remains approximately constsnt.Rao(1967) and Jafri & Khawaja (1968) have shown an inverse relationship between water and fat in freshwater fishes. The fluctuation in the major biochemical constituents are influenced by breeding and feeding cycles (Lovern &Wood,1938; Rao1967). Relationship of water lipid and protein in *Macrones cavasius* is reported in this communication.

# 2. MATERIAL AND METHOD

*Macrones cavasius* were collected from River Godavari, Nanded,Maharashtra. The specimens were sexed and grouped into classes based on the stages of maturity. From each specimen the muscle, liver and gonad were dissected out and dried in an oven at  $105C^0$  The difference in weight between wet and dehydrated tissue gave the water content. The lipids were extracted by adding ethanol ether mixture (3:1 v/v) two times and heated to  $60C^0$ . The supernatent removed by centrifugation. The above process was repeated with another solvent mixture of methanol and chloroform (1:1 v/v) for the same sample. The lipids were recovered from solvents by distillation (Gradwhol,1963). Microkjeldahi method (Wong,1923) as modified by Alexander (1956) was used for determining the nitrogen content.

In the muscle, liver (female) and gonad of *Macrones cavasius* the variation of lipid and protein showed an inverse relationship with the variation in water concent. But the water content of the liver of male *Macrones cavasius* showed a direct relationship with lipid and protein content (Table 1).

Table No.1: Percentage Composition of Water, Lipid, and Protein in the Muscle, Liver and Gonad of male and female Macrones cavasius.

Sex	Tissue	Constituent	Immature	Maturing	Ripening	Ripe	Spent
			( Percent	tage by wet	weight)		
Male	Muscle	Water	78.00	75.00	76.00	80.10	80.0
22	77	Lipid	2.6	3.16	3.42	2.60	2.50
22	77	Protein	12.10	14.2	15.18	10.50	9.10
Female	22	Water	82.20	80.4	78.20	81.0	81.0
22	"	Lipid	2.5	3.36	3.50	2.84	1.2
22	77	Protein	10.9	11.2	13.80	11.0	10.0

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Male	Liver	Water	76.20	78.08	78.80	77.0	75.0	
22	77	Lipid	7.60	7.9	7.90	7.2	6.0	
22	22	Protein	8.00	8.2	8.50	8.20	8.16	
Female	22	Water	77.0	75.68	72.40	76.0	76.20	
22	77	Lipid	7.0	8.0	9.0	8.10	7.0	
22	77	Protein	9.0	10.0	11.00	9.10	9.0	
Male	Testis	Water	75.0	75.0	74.0	71.00	75.50	
22	77	Lipid	5.50	5.88	6.00	6.00	3.90	
27	77	Protein	10.0	9.82	12.00	13.00	12.0	
Female	Ovary	Water	75.0	74.0	65.00	64.20	68.00	
22	77	Lipid	5.80	5.98	6.00	6.60	6.0	
22	22	Protein	14.0	15.62	20.00	20.0	17.50	

## 3. RESULT & DISCUSSION

Milory (1908) observed a rapid rise in the percentage of fat in the muscle of herring prior to the rapid growth of ovary and testis and a further decline in fat content at spawning with a simultaneous increase in water content. It was found that as the lipid and protein content gradually rose with the advancement of maturity a corresponding decrease in water content was noticed in muscle, liver (female) and gonad of . *Macrones cavasius*.

Depending on the lipid and protein content *Macrones cavasius* can be included under category A (Stanby & Olcott,1963). The low fat content and high protein content make it a food fish, its muscle protein showing the highest value on ripening (15.18%). Proteins and lipids are higher in the ripe ovaries compared to liver, testis and muscle. Such higher values are expected as the yolk is a reserve of lipoproteins and fats to be utilised in the development of the embryo. *Macrones cavasius* also contains 20% of proteins in the ripe ovaries which provides evidence to the higher protein content of the fish eggs as compared to the hen's egg which has 12% protein as cited by Hasan & Jafri (1964).

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